



Experimental observations on the effect of the 90 degree ply blocks thickness on the strength of 0/90 laminates

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How the fibre-dominated strength of a multidirectional laminate relates to the strength of a UD composite March 28th, 2023

Projects P18-FR-3360 and PID2021-126279OB-I00

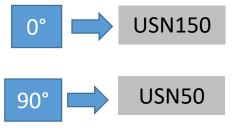


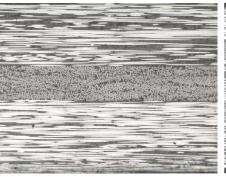
MOTIVATION/OBJECTIVE



SCALE EFFECT First transverse damage/crack appearance dependence on the thickness of the 90° ply block in $[0_n \ 90_m]_s$ laminates

Differences in the damage mechanism → Energetic explanation (*)





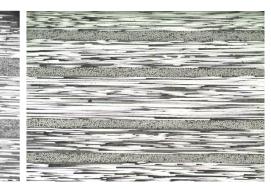
 $[\mathbf{0}_3, \mathbf{90}_4, \mathbf{0}_3]$

First damage appearance comparison

OBJECTIVES

Morphologies comparison for the same loading level

Ultimate loads comparison



 $[{\bf 0}_2, {\bf 90}_2, {\bf 0}_2, {\bf 90}_{2_j} {\bf 0}_2]$

[0, 90, 0, 90, 0, 0, 90, 0, 90, 0]

(*)

- París F, Velasco M L, Correa E. The scale effect in composites: An explanation physically based on the different mechanisms of damage involved in failure, Comp Struct 2021;257:113089.

- París F, Velasco M L, Correa E. Micro-mechanical study on the influence of scale effect in the first stage of damage in composites, Comp Sci Tech 2018;160:1-8.

M.L. Velasco, E. Correa, F. París, The Scale Effect in composites, an explanation based on the mechanisms of damage, 2nd Edition- Modeling Damage, Fatigue and Failure of Composite Materials, 2023. (in press).
París, F., Velasco, M.L., Correa, E. (2020). Modelling fibre/matrix interface debonding and matrix cracking in composite laminates. En: Multi-Scale Continuum Mechanics Modelling of Fibre-Reinforced Polymer Composites. Editor: Wim Van Paepegem. Elsevier. ISBN: 9780128189856

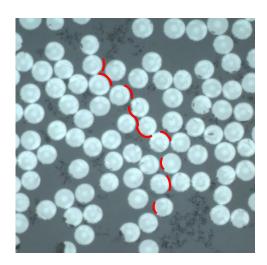




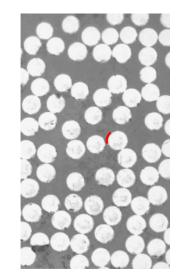


4000N-7000N

 $[\mathbf{0}_3, \mathbf{90}_4, \mathbf{0}_3]$

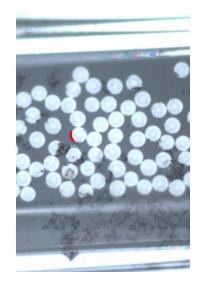


ISOLATED/CONNECTED DEBONDS $[\mathbf{0}_2, \mathbf{90}_2, \mathbf{0}_2, \mathbf{90}_2, \mathbf{0}_2]$



ISOLATED DEBONDS

[0, 90, 0, 90, 0, 0, 90, 0, 90, 0]



ISOLATED DEBONDS

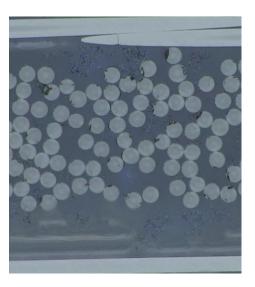




30000N-35000N

 $[0_3, 90_4, 0_3]$

[0, 90, 0, 90, 0, 0, 90, 0, 90, 0]

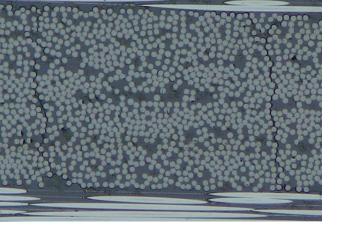


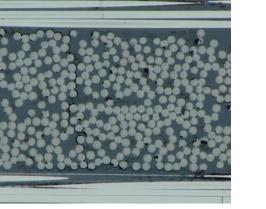
TRANSVERSE CRACKS (SATURATION) AND DELAMINATION

TRANSVERSE CRACKS AND DELAMINATION

ISOLATED/CONNECTED DEBONDS

 $[0_2, 90_2, 0_2, 90_2, 0_2]$







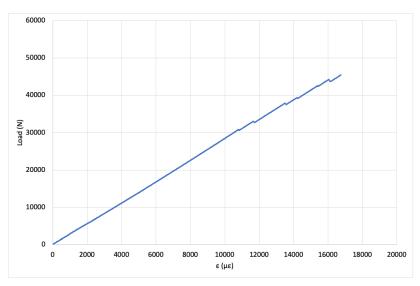
ULTIMATE LOADS

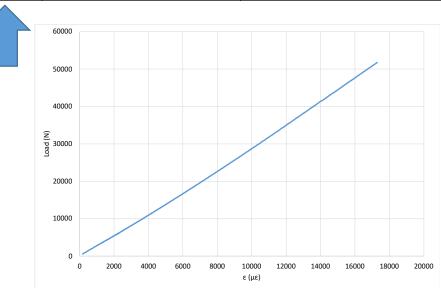






| | | Rupture values (N) | | |
|-----|------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | [0 ₃ , 90 ₄ , 0 ₃] | $[0_2, 90_2, 0_2, 90_2, 0_2]$ | [0, 90, 0, 90, 0, 0, 90, 0, 90, 0] |
| 12 | P1 | 41898 | 56143 | 51235 |
| | P2 | 45381 | 54671 | 51748 |
| 111 | P3 | 42369 | 49541 | 56230 |
| | P4 | 48565 | 54000 | 56829 |
| | Mean value | 44553 | 53589 | 54010 |
| | SD | 3087 | 2843 | 2927 |
| | C.V.(%) | 6,9 | 5,3 | 5,4 |



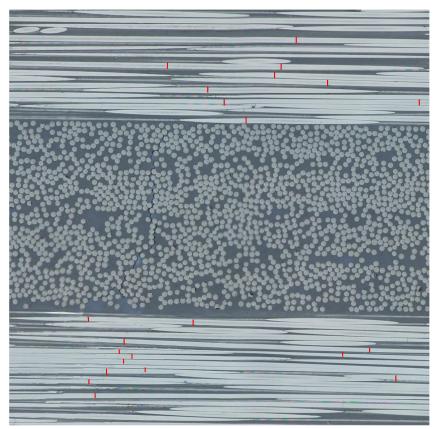




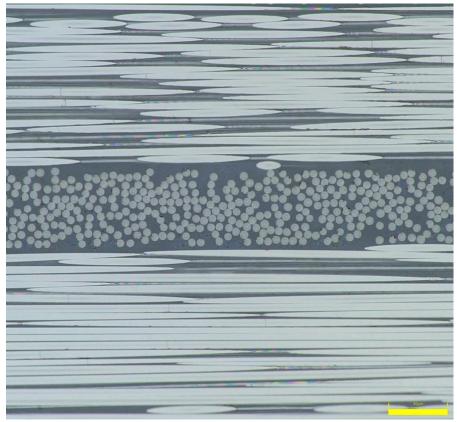
DAMAGE IN THE 0° PLIES

30000N-35000N

$[\mathbf{0}_3, \mathbf{90}_4, \mathbf{0}_3]$



[0, 90, 0, 90, 0, 0, 90, 0, 90, 0]









First damage appearance comparison

Less advanced as the 90° ply blocks thickness decreases

Morphologies comparison for the same loading level The less thickness of the 90° ply blocks, the less advanced the damage found both in the 90° plies and the 0° plies

Ultimate loads comparison

20% lower for [0₄ 90₃ 0₄]

Which are the factors affecting the strength of a cross ply laminate?

- Number of 0º plies involved
- Laminate thickness

Staking sequence? 90º/0º thickness ratio?





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